



Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2022

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE

In Chemistry (4CH1) Paper 2C

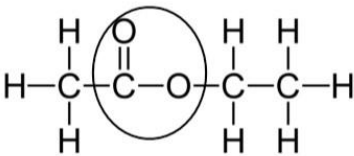
Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1 (a) (i)	M1 a compound/substance/molecule containing hydrogen/H and carbon/C (atoms)	no M1 if reference to element containing C and H OR C and H molecules	2
	M2 only	M2 dep on M1 or near miss	
(ii)	ethene has a double bond		1
(b)	A colourless A is the only correct answer because alkenes such as ethene react with bromine water forming a colourless solution B is not correct as bromine water is orange before it reacts with ethene C is not correct as the solution produced is not purple D is not correct as the solution produced is not red		1
(c) (i)	temperature = 300°C	ACCEPT any value or range of values between 250 and 350°C If no unit given assume it is Celsius ACCEPT equivalent temperatures in other units provided the unit is given	2
	pressure = 60-70 atmospheres	ACCEPT any value or range of values between 60 and 70 atm If no unit given assume it is atm ACCEPT equivalent pressures in other units provided the unit is given	
(ii)	C ₂ H ₆ O	IGNORE size of numbers REJECT C ₂ H ₅ OH	1
Total for question = 7			

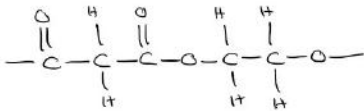
Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a) (i)	D nitrogen D is the only correct answer as nitrogen is the most abundant gas in unpolluted air. A is not correct as there are only trace amounts of hydrogen in unpolluted air. B is not correct as there are only trace amounts of methane in unpolluted air. C is not correct as there are only trace amounts of neon in unpolluted air.		1
	(ii) C 21% C is the only correct answer as the percentage of oxygen in the air is 21% A is not the correct answer as the percentage of oxygen in the air is not 0.04% B is not the correct answer as the percentage of oxygen in the air is not 0.9% D is not the correct answer as the percentage of oxygen in the air is not 35%		1
(b) (i)	cracking an alkane		2
	complete combustion of an alkane	✓	
	reaction between magnesium and hydrochloric acid		
	rusting of iron		
	thermal decomposition of copper(II) carbonate	✓	
(ii)	Any one from: M1 global warming M2 climate change	ALLOW greenhouse effect ALLOW an effect of global warming/climate change e.g. wildfires/ melting of polar ice caps/flooding	1
(iii)	argon		1
(c) (i)	nitric acid	ALLOW HNO ₃ / nitrous acid /HNO ₂	1
(ii)	sulfur dioxide	ALLOW SO ₂ ALLOW other oxides of nitrogen	1
Total for question = 8			

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (a)	(i) M1 working shown on graph M2 56 (°C)	ALLOW any value between 56 and 57 inclusive.	2
	(ii) M1 31-13 M2 18 (g)	ALLOW ecf if one incorrect reading in M1 correct answer of 18g with or without working scores 2	2
	(b) (i) 5.1 (g)		1
	(ii) 15 (g)		1
	(iii) M1 $5.1 \div 15$ OR 0.34 (g) OR answer to (i) $\div$ answer to (ii) M2 34 (g) OR answer to M1 $\times 100$	correct answer of 34 (g) with or without working scores 2	2
	(iv) Any one from M1 (hydrated) copper(II) sulfate would become anhydrous copper sulfate M2 (hydrated) copper(II) sulfate would lose water	ALLOW the (hydrated) crystals would decompose	1
Total for question = 9			

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a) (i)	Any two from: M1 sodium moves (on the surface) M2 sodium turns into a sphere/ball M3 effervescence M4 sodium gets smaller M5 white trail seen	ALLOW sodium melts ALLOW fizzing / bubbles ALLOW sodium disappears / dissolves IGNORE references to a flame	2
(ii)	blue / purple	IGNORE qualifiers ALLOW violet/lilac	1
(b) (i)	same number of electrons/one electron in the outer shell.	ALLOW same number of valence electrons/one valence electron	1
(ii)	M1 lithium (atom) has a smaller atomic radius M2 the outer shell electron is more strongly attracted to the nucleus OWTTE M3 so is less easily lost	ALLOW lithium is smaller (atom)/lithium (atom) has fewer shells /energy levels ALLOW outer electron in lithium (atom) is closer to the nucleus ALLOW reverse argument for sodium	3
(c)	M1 amount lithium = $0.150 \div 7$ OR 0.0214 mol M2 amount hydrogen = 0.0107 mol M3 $254 \div 0.0107$ M4 23,738	penalise 1 sig fig in M1 ALLOW $M1 \div 2$ ALLOW 2 or more sig figs in answers to M1 and M2 ALLOW 2 or more sig figs if all working shown correct answers in the range 23,707 to 24,910 cm^3 to 3 or more significant figures, without working scores 4 marks.	4
Total for question = 11			

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 (a)	A description that refers to any five of the following points M1 add hydrogen peroxide to the conical flask and add catalyst M2 start the timer M3 record volume of gas produced in a given time/ record the time for certain volume of gas to be produced M4 repeat with same mass of a different catalyst M5 and with same volume of hydrogen peroxide M6 plot the results on a graph and calculate gradient (for each catalyst) M7 the most effective catalyst gives the fastest rate of reaction OWTTE		5
(b) (i)	M1 a vertical line from the level of the hydrogen peroxide to the top of the curve labelled activation energy or E_a M2 a vertical line from the level of the hydrogen peroxide to the level of the water and oxygen labelled enthalpy change or ΔH	the line does not need an arrow head ALLOW double headed arrow REJECT arrow pointing down ALLOW double headed arrow REJECT arrow pointing up	2
(ii)	curve starting from hydrogen peroxide level, below the peak of the original curve, and ending at water and oxygen level		1
Total for question = 8			

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7 (a) (i)		REJECT any other atoms in the ring.	1
(ii)	ethyl ethanoate	ALLOW ethylethanoate ALLOW ethyl acetate	1
(iii)	M1 add a metal such as magnesium, aluminium, zinc or iron M2 effervescence/bubbles/fizzing OR M1 add a carbonate M2 effervescence/bubbles/fizzing	must be a named metal REJECT Group 1 metals ACCEPT test gas with lighted splint which pops M2 dep on reference to adding a metal ACCEPT any named carbonate ACCEPT test gas with limewater which goes cloudy/milky M2 dep on M1	2
(b)	M1 C-O and one / two O-H bonds are broken and formed M2 so the same amount of energy is needed to break the bonds in the reactants as is given off when the bonds in the products are formed	ALLOW the same bonds are broken and formed ALLOW energy of bonds formed equals energy of bonds broken	2
(c) (i)	M1 the rate of the forward reaction equals the rate of the backward reaction M2 the concentrations of reactants and products remain constant	REJECT concentration of the reactants and products are the same	2
(ii)	M1 a catalyst increases the rate of forward and backward reactions M2 equally	M2 dep on M1	2

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7 (d)	example calculation M1 moles barium hydroxide = $(0.150 \times 22.75) \div 1000$ OR 0.0034125 M2 moles ethanoic acid = 0.006825 M3 moles ethanoic acid to 3 significant figures = 0.00683	M1 needs to be given to at least 3 sig figs ALLOW M1 $\times$ 2 ALLOW answer to M2 to 3 significant figures. correct answer of 0.00683 moles with or without working scores 3 marks ACCEPT answer in standard form ACCEPT 0.00682 if M1 given to 3 sig figs 6.83 with or without working scores 2 marks	3
(e)	correct answer scores 2 marks  M1 three carbons from the dicarboxylic acid and two from the diol and the ester linkage M2 -OH lost from the dicarboxylic acid and -H lost from the diol	ALLOW structure without extension bonds IGNORE brackets and n and + H₂O ALLOW -OH lost from diol and -H lost from dicarboxylic acid	2
Total for question = 15			